

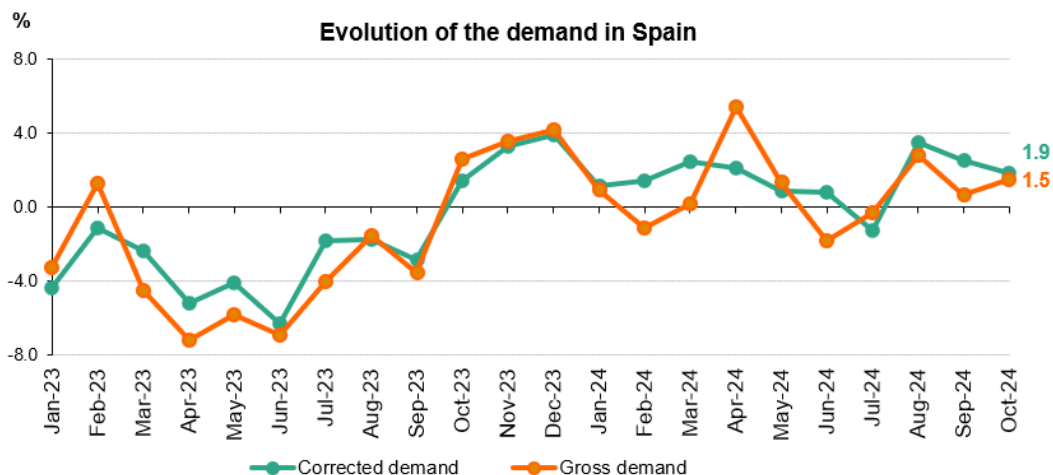
## Electricity demand in Spain increases by 1.9% in October

During this October, renewable energy generation increased by 15.4% compared to the same period last year, accounting for 55.9% of the monthly energy mix.

Wind energy leads the generation structure, producing 26.3% of the total national energy recorded in October.

Madrid, 05 November 2024

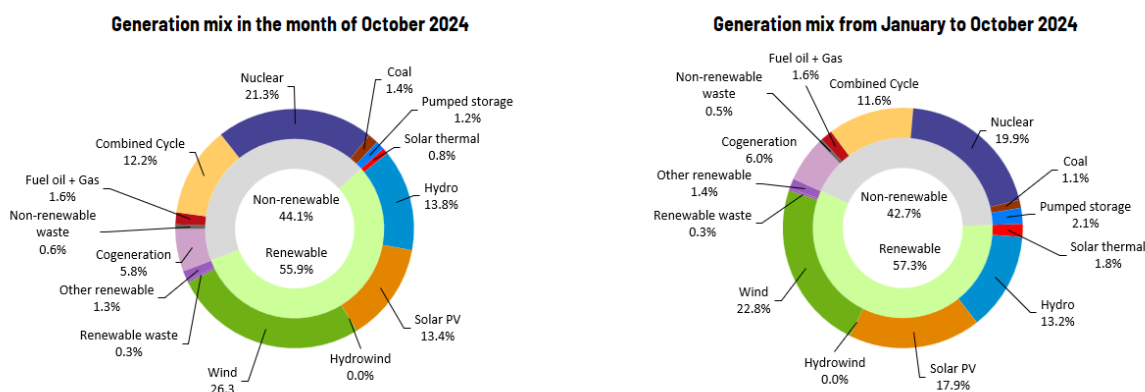
National electricity demand rose by 1.9% in October compared to the same month last year, after adjusting for the effects of temperature and working patterns. This represents an estimated gross demand of 20,135 GWh, 1.5% higher than in October 2023.



In the first ten months of 2024, Spain recorded a total demand of 205,703 GWh, 0.9% higher than in the same period of 2023. After adjusting for the effects of working patterns and temperatures, demand was 1.5% higher compared to the same period of the previous year.

This October, renewables generated 12,079 GWh, 15.4% more than in October 2023, and accounted for 55.9% of the total. 78.1% of the electricity produced was generated without emitting any CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent.

The leading source of electricity generation for the month was wind power, with a share of 26.3%, followed by nuclear (21.3%), hydroelectric power generation (13.8%), and solar photovoltaic, which contributed 13.4% of the total. This month, solar photovoltaic energy increased generation by over 9% compared to October 2023. Hydroelectric power generation also rose, and specifically more than doubled, (this can be explained by the increased rainfall compared to the previous year).



### Demand in the Peninsula increased by 2%

Peninsular demand was 2% higher than in October 2023, after factoring in the effects of working patterns and temperatures. In gross terms, demand this month was 18,812 GWh, 1.7% higher than in the same month last year.

From January to October this year, aggregate demand on the Peninsula stood at 192,855 GWh, 1% higher than that recorded in 2023. After adjusting for the effects of working patterns and temperatures, demand was 1.6% compared to the same period of the previous year.

Total generation from renewable energy on the Peninsula in October was 14.9% higher than in October 2023, reaching 11,875 GWh, with a share of 58.1% of total national production. Emission-free technologies accounted for 81.7% of the total.

Peninsular generation structure mainland for October was also led by wind power, which accounted for 27.2% of the total, followed by nuclear (22.6%) and hydroelectric power generation (14.5%).

### The electricity system in the Balearic and Canary Islands

In the Balearic Islands, electricity demand in October was 3.7% higher than in the same month in 2023, after considering the effects of working hours and temperatures. Gross demand is estimated at 508,417 MWh, 2.6% higher than in October last year. From January to October

2024, gross demand in the Balearic Islands is estimated at 5,197,559 MWh, 0.3% less than in the same period of 2023.

In terms of generation, the combined cycle, which accounted for 67.1% of the energy produced in the Balearic Islands, was the leading source this month. Meanwhile, renewable energy generation in the Balearic Islands accounted for 13.7% of the total. Renewable generation in the Balearic Islands grew by 13.2% in October compared to the same month last year.

Additionally, this October, the submarine link between the Peninsula and Mallorca helped cover 28.5% of the Balearic Islands' electricity demand.

Meanwhile, in the Canary Islands' electricity demand fell by 2% compared to the same month in 2023, after adjusting for the effects of working patterns and temperatures. Gross demand was 779,499 MWh, representing a 3% decrease. In the first ten months of 2024, demand in the Canary Islands was estimated at 7,318,855 MWh, 0.4% higher than in the same period of 2023.

In terms of electricity generation in the Canary Islands, the combined cycle, at 47.4% of the total, was also the leading source in October. Renewables accounted for 19.8% of electricity generation, producing 154,422 MWh, 73.6% more than in October 2023. Wind energy contributed 15.6% to the total this month, achieving a 109.9% increase compared to its electricity generation in October 2023.

Please see our [Daily balance report](#) for further information on the [national](#), [peninsular](#), [Balearic Islands](#), and [Canary Islands](#)' electricity systems up to the end of October.